THE BENEFICIAL MATERIALS FOR TOPICAL OR INTERNAL USE BY A HUMAN OR OTHER ANIMAL.

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently amended) A beneficial material for medical application in association with a substrate comprising:

- a support material; and

- a reactive material associated with the support material, said reactive material effective to react with a contaminant;

wherein the reactive material is selected from the group comprising water insoluble

peroxides and water insoluble excess oxygen containing compounds.

2. (Previously presented) The beneficial material of claim 1 wherein the support material comprises one of the group consisting of: ionomers, anion exchange membranes, cation exchange membranes, sodium super ionic conductors and semi-permeable polymer membranes.

3. (Original) The beneficial material of claim 1 wherein a substrate may comprise one of the group consisting of: formulations in a paste, putty, epoxy, adhesive, glue, spray or tar form for topical application, wound healing devices, prosthetic devices and other implantable devices.

4. (Original) The beneficial material of claim 1 wherein the water insoluble peroxides comprise one of the group consisting of: MgO₂, BaO₂, SnO₂, AgO, CaO₂, CoO₂ and ZnO₂.

5. (Previously presented) The beneficial material of claim 1 wherein the water insoluble.

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excess oxygen containing compounds comprise one of the group consisting of perovskites of LabNiO4+8, LabCuO4+8, CeNiO4+8, and Co2CuO4+8.

- 6. (Currently amended) A wound healing device comprising:
 - a substrate capable of association with a wound of a human or other animal; and
- a reactive material associated with the substrate, said reactive material effective to react with a contaminant, and wherein the reactive material is selected from the group comprising comprises water insoluble peroxides and water insoluble excess oxygen containing compounds.
- 7. (Original) The wound healing device of claim 6 wherein the substrate comprises one of a woven pad and a gauze pad.
- 8. (Currently amended) A method of incorporating a beneficial material to a fluid or semi-solid substrate comprising the steps of:
 - providing a fluid or semi solid substrate;
 - providing the beneficial material; and
- mixing the beneficial material within the substrate, wherein the beneficial material is effective to react with a contaminant and wherein the beneficial agent is selected from the group comprising water insoluble peroxides and water insoluble excess oxygen comtaining compounds.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8 further comprising the step of granulating the beneficial material.

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- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein the substrate may comprise one of the group consisting of paint, epoxy, adhesive, glue and tar.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The beneficial material of claim 1, wherein the reactive material is a photoactive material.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The beneficial material of claim 11, wherein the reactive material comprises one of the group consisting of TiO₂, Titanates, Fe₂O₃, compounds of Fe₂O₃, Vanadium pentoxide and vandates, Tin oxides and stannates, NbO₂ and Niobates, TiO₂ and NbO₂ solid solutions, Bi₂O₃ and bismuth chalcogenides, Silicon and Germanium doped with p-type and n-type impurities, P-N junctions of semiconductors, Photovoltaic materials, Zinc chalcogenides, Zinc oxides, and Zinc phosphides, and combinations thereof.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The beneficial material of claim 11, wherein the reactive material comprises an anatase structure.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The beneficial material of claim 13, wherein the reactive material is TiO_2 .
- 15. (New) A beneficial material for medical application in association with a substrate comprising:
 - a support material; and
 - a reactive material associated with the support material,
 - wherein the reactive material comprises at least one water insoluble peroxide chosen

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from MgO₂, BaO₂, SnO₂, AgO, CaO₂, CuO₂ and ZnO₂.

- 16. (New) A beneficial material for medical application in association with a substrate comprising:
 - a support material; and
 - a reactive material associated with the support material,

wherein the reactive material comprises at least one water insoluble excess oxygen containing compound chosen from perovskites of La₂NiO₄₊₅, La₂CuO₄₊₅, CeNiO₄₊₅, and Ce₂CuO₄₊₅.

- 17. (New) A wound healing device comprising:
 - a substrate capable of association with a wound of a human or other animal; and
- a reactive material associated with the substrate, wherein the reactive material comprises at least one water insoluble peroxide chosen from MgO₂, BaO₂, SnO₂, AgO, CaO₂, CuO₂ and ZnO₂.
- 18. (New) A wound healing device comprising:
 - a substrate capable of association with a wound of a human or other animal; and
- a reactive material associated with the substrate, wherein the reactive material comprises at least one water insoluble excess oxygen containing compound chosen from perovskites of La₂NiO₄₊₈, La₂CuO₄₊₈, CeNiO₄₊₈, and Ce₂CuO₄₊₈.
- 19. (New) A method of incorporating a beneficial material to a fluid or semi-solid substrate

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comprising the steps of:

- providing a fluid or semi solid substrate;
- providing the beneficial material; and
- mixing the beneficial material within the substrate, wherein the beneficial material comprises at least one water insoluble peroxide chosen from MgO₂, BaO₂, SnO₂, AgO, CaO₂, CuO₂ and ZnO₂.
- 20. (New) A method of incorporating a beneficial material to a fluid or semi-solid substrate comprising the steps of:
 - providing a fluid or semi solid substrate;
 - providing the beneficial material; and
- mixing the beneficial material within the substrate, wherein the beneficial material comprises at least one water insoluble excess oxygen containing compound chosen from perovskites of La₂NiO₄₊₈, La₂CuO₄₊₈, CeNiO₄₊₈, and Ce₂CuO₄₊₈.